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FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 12:35:49 ON 27 AUG 2004
          41641 S SKARNES?/AU OR BURGESS?/AU OR FRIEDRICH?/AU OR ZAMBROWICZ?/AU
 L1
            991 S GENE (2A) TRAP
L3
           3315 S LIBRARY (3A) CELL
           6930 S SPLICE (2A) (DONOR OR ACCEPTOR)
            340 S "SPLICE DONOR" (S) "SPLICE ACCEPTOR"
L6
           1385 S RANDOM (S) INTEGRATION
L7
            226 S "PROMOTER TRAP"
L8
              7 S "SPLICE ACCEPTOR" (2A) TRAP
L9
              0 S "SPLICE DONOR" (2A) TRAP
L10
             5 S L7 AND L6
L11
              4 DUP REM L10 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
L12
             87 S L1 AND L2
            24 S L12 NOT PY>=1998
L13
L14
             9 DUP REM L13 (15 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L15
            17 S L4 AND L1
L16
             7 DUP REM L15 (10 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L17
             3 S L16 NOT PY>=1998
L18
             0 S L5 AND L1
L19
             6 S L3 AND L5
L20
              3 DUP REM L19 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L21
             0 S L6 AND L5
L22
            453 S "SPLICE ACCEPTOR" (P) "SPLICE DONOR"
L23
              0 S L22 AND L6
L24
              0 S RANDOME (S) INSERTION
L25
           1491 S RANDOM (S) INSERTION
L26
              0 S L25 AND L22
L27
           2941 S INSERTION (2A) ELEMENT
L28
              3 S L27 AND L22
L29
             1 DUP REM L28 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L30
             5 S S [EMD
             39 S "FIRST CONSTRUCT" (P) "SECOND CONSTRUCT"
L31
L32
             0 S L31 AND L4
         14239 S POLYA OR POLYADENYLATION
L33
              2 S L33 AND L31
L35
             1 DUP REM L34 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
L36
             0 S L7 AND L33
L37
             0 S L7 AND L31
L38
           63 S "FIRST VECTOR" AND "SECOND VECTOR"
L39
             0 S "FIRST CONSRUCT" AND "SECOND CONSTRUCT"
           39 S "FIRST CONSTRUCT" AND "SECOND CONSTRUCT"
L40
L41
             0 S L38 AND L7
L42
            13 S L38 AND PROMOTER
             7 DUP REM L42 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L43
         99178 S SPLIC?
L44
          1836 S L44 AND (DONOR (S) ACCEPTOR)
L45
L46
          308 S L45 AND PROMOTER
L47
           26 S L46 AND (INSERTION OR INTEGRATION OR RECOMBINATION)
L48
           16 S L47 NOT PY>=1998
L49
            7 DUP REM L48 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
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NSWER 2 OF 7 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2004 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 93047240 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1993047240

TITLE:

Frequent activation of the lck gene by promoter

insertion and aberrant splicing in murine

leukemia virus-induced rat lymphomas.

AUTHOR:

Shin S.; Steffen D.L.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Cell Biology, Division of Molecular Virology, Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, TX 77030, United States

SOURCE:

Oncogene, (1993) 8/1 (141-149). ISSN: 0950-9232 CODEN: ONCNES

COUNTRY:

United Kingdom
Journal; Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

004 Microbiology 016 Cancer

022 Human Genetics 025 Hematology

LANGUAGE:

English English

We have analysed DNA and RNA from 36 T-cell lymphomas induced in Fischer rats by Moloney murine leukemia virus for alterations affecting the structure or expression of the lck gene. At least five primary tumors (14%) have a proviral insertion upstream of lck. In at least four of the tumors, proviral insertion increases lck mRNA levels an average of eight-fold. Overexpression of lck results from transcription initiating in the viral promoter and extending into lck sequences. Three different structures of hybrid transcript were detected. In all three, the hybrid RNAs are spliced to a normal lck splice acceptor in the first exon of lck, resulting in

SWER 1 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97268648 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9108056

TITLE: Disruption of overlapping transcripts in the ROSA beta geo

26 gene trap strain leads to widespread

expression of beta-galactosidase in mouse embryos and

hematopoietic cells.

AUTHOR: Zambrowicz B P; Imamoto A; Fiering S; Herzenberg

L A; Kerr W G; Soriano P

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Basic Sciences, Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research

Center, Seattle, WA 98109, USA.

SOURCE: Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the

United States of America, (1997 Apr 15) 94 (8) 3789-94.

Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-U83173; GENBANK-U83174; GENBANK-U83175;

GENBANK-U83176

ENTRY MONTH: 199705

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19970602

Last Updated on STN: 19990129 Entered Medline: 19970522

The ROSA beta geo26 (ROSA26) mouse strain was produced by random AB retroviral gene trapping in embryonic stem cells. Staining of ROSA26 tissues and fluorescence-activated cell sorter-Gal analysis of hematopoietic cells demonstrates ubiquitous expression of the proviral beta geo reporter gene, and bone marrow transfer experiments illustrate the general utility of this strain for chimera and transplantation studies. The gene trap vector has integrated into a region that produces three transcripts. Two transcripts, lost in ROSA26 homozygous animals, originate from a common promoter and share identical 5' ends, but neither contains a significant ORF. The third transcript, originating from the reverse strand, shares antisense sequences with one of the noncoding transcripts. This third transcript potentially encodes a novel protein of at least 505 amino acids that is conserved in humans and in Caenorhabditis elegans.

L14 ANSWER 2 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998104241 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9441674

TITLE: The secretory protein Sec8 is required for paraxial

mesoderm formation in the mouse.

AUTHOR: Friedrich G A; Hildebrand J D; Soriano P

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Basic Sciences, Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research

Center, Seattle, Washington 98104, USA.

SOURCE: Developmental biology, (1997 Dec 15) 192 (2) 364-74.

Journal code: 0372762. ISSN: 0012-1606.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199802

Entered STN: 19980226 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 19980226 Entered Medline: 19980213

The sec8 gene, isolated in a gene trap screen in AΒ embryonic stem cells, is required for paraxial mesoderm formation in the mouse. Homozygous sec8 mutant embryos initiate gastrulation but are unable to progress beyond the primitive streak stage and die shortly afterward. The genomic locus and cDNA of the sec8 gene have been cloned. An open reading frame in the cDNA encodes a 971-amino-acid leucine-rich

protein, similar to rat rSec8. A description of the mutant phenotype and the cloning of the gene is presented here and the results are considered in light of the possibility that the Sec8 protein is involved in secretion.

L14 ANSWER 3 OF 9

MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

97228906 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 9074932

TITLE:

Rapid sequence analysis of gene trap

integrations to generate a resource of insertional

mutations in mice.

AUTHOR:

SOURCE:

Townley D J; Avery B J; Rosen B; Skarnes W C

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council

(BBSRC), University of Edinburgh, UK. Genome research, (1997 Mar) 7 (3) 293-8.

Journal code: 9518021. ISSN: 1088-9051.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE:

GENBANK-L34049; GENBANK-M15525; GENBANK-U15571; GENBANK-U39545; GENBANK-U50196; GENBANK-X61172;

GENBANK-X83577

ENTRY MONTH:

199705

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19970609

Last Updated on STN: 19970609 Entered Medline: 19970528

Gene trapping in murine embryonic stem cells is a proven method for the AB simultaneous identification and mutation of genes in the mouse.

Gene trap vectors are designed to detect insertions within genes through the production of a fusion mRNA transcript, making the identification of the endogenous gene possible by 5' rapid amplification of cDNA ends (RACE). Although the amplification of specific cDNAs can be achieved rapidly, cloning and screening of informative-sized cDNAs has proven to be time consuming. To eliminate the need for cloning, we have developed a method for solid-phase sequencing of 5' RACE products. More than 150 independent gene trap cell lines were

analyzed, and sequence information was obtained for every line successfully amplified by RACE. With the vector used in this study, 40% of the cell lines were found to contain properly spliced gene trap events. The remaining lines were either spliced

inefficiently or contained deletions of the vector. These results highlight the advantage of sequencing gene trap

integrations before further characterization. This work now paves the way for large-scale gene trap screens in mice and should greatly accelerate the functional analysis of the mammalian genome.

L14 ANSWER 4 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

95327693 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PubMed ID: 7604039

TITLE:

Capturing genes encoding membrane and secreted proteins

important for mouse development.

AUTHOR:

Skarnes W C; Moss J E; Hurtley S M; Beddington R

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council, Centre for Genome Research, University of Edinburgh, United

DUPLICATE 4

SOURCE:

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, (1995 Jul 3) 92 (14) 6592-6.

Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

PUB. COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE:

United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE:

GENBANK-U23505; GENBANK-U23536

ENTRY MONTH:

199508

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19950822

Last Updated on STN: 20000303 Entered Medline: 19950810

AΒ A strategy based on the gene trap was developed to prescreen mouse embryonic stem cells for insertional mutations in genes encoding secreted and membrane-spanning proteins. The "secretory trap" relies on capturing the N-terminal signal sequence of an endogenous gene to generate an active beta-galactosidase fusion protein. Insertions were found in a cadherin gene, an unc6-related laminin (netrin) gene, the sek receptor tyrosine kinase gene, and genes encoding two receptor-linked protein-tyrosine phosphatases, LAR and PTP kappa. Analysis of homozygous mice carrying insertions in LAR and PTP kappa showed that both genes were effectively disrupted, but neither was essential for normal embryonic development.

L14 ANSWER 5 OF 9

MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

95237018 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 7720590

TITLE:

The T gene is necessary for normal mesodermal morphogenetic

cell movements during gastrulation.

AUTHOR:

Wilson V; Manson L; Skarnes W C; Beddington R S

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratory of Mammalian Development, National Institute for

Medical Research, London, UK.

SOURCE:

Development (Cambridge, England), (1995 Mar) 121 (3)

877-86.

Journal code: 8701744. ISSN: 0950-1991.

PUB. COUNTRY:

ENGLAND: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

199505

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19950605

Last Updated on STN: 19950605 Entered Medline: 19950524

The T (Brachyury) deletion in mouse is responsible for defective primitive AB streak and notochord morphogenesis, leading to a failure of the axis to elongate properly posterior to the forelimb bud. T/T embryonic stem (ES) cells colonise wild-type embryos, but in chimeras at 10.5 days post coitum (dpc) onwards they are found predominantly in the distal tail, while trunk paraxial and lateral mesoderm are deficient in T/T cells (Wilson, V., Rashbass, P. and Beddington, R. S. P. (1992) Development 117, 1321-1331). To determine the origin of this abnormal tissue distribution, we have isolated T/T and control T/+ ES cell clones which express lacZ constitutively using a gene trap strategy. Visualisation of T/T cell distribution in chimeric embryos throughout gastrulation up to 10.5 dpc shows that a progressive buildup of $\ensuremath{\mathrm{T/T}}$ cells in the primitive streak during gastrulation leads to their incorporation into the tailbud. These observations make it likely that one role of the T gene product is to act during gastrulation to alter cell surface (probably adhesion) properties as cells pass through the primitive streak. As the chimeric tail elongates at 10.5 dpc, abnormal morphology in the most distal portion becomes apparent. Comparison of T expression in the developing tailbud with the sites of accumulation of T/T cells in chimeras shows that T/T cells collect in sites where T would normally be expressed. T expression becomes internalised in the tailbud following posterior neuropore closure while, in abnormal chimeric tails, T/T cells remain on the surface of the distal tail. We conclude that prevention of posterior neuropore closure by the wedge of T/T cells remaining in the primitive streak after gastrulation is one source of the abnormal tail phenotypes observed. Accumulation of T/T cells in the node and anterior streak

during gastrulation results in the preferential incorporation of T/T cells into the ventral portion of the neural tube and axial mesoderm. The latter forms compact blocks which are often fused with the ventral neural tube, reminiscent of the notochordal defects seen in intact mutants. Such fusions may be attributed to cell-autonomous changes in cell adhesion, possibly related to those observed at earlier stages in the primitive streak.

L14 ANSWER 6 OF 9 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:52984 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199698625119

TITLE: Trans-splicing in mammalian cells as revealed by

gene trap integrations into ribosomal RNA

genes.

AUTHOR (S): Sleeman, J. E.; Rosen, B.; Moss, J. E.; Skarnes, W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: BBSRC Centre Genome Research, Univ. Edinburgh, Kings

Buildings, West Mains Rd., Edinburgh EH9 3JQ, UK

SOURCE: Molecular Biology of the Cell, (1995) Vol. 6, No. SUPPL.,

pp. 195A.

Meeting Info.: Thirty-fifth Annual Meeting of the American Society for Cell Biology. Washington, D.C., USA. December

9-13, 1995.

CODEN: MBCEEV. ISSN: 1059-1524.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

Conference; (Meeting Poster)

LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 2 Feb 1996

Last Updated on STN: 2 Feb 1996

L14 ANSWER 7 OF 9

MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 6

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

95047373 MEDLINE

PubMed ID: 7958896

TITLE:

Transcriptional enhancer factor 1 disruption by a

retroviral gene trap leads to heart defects and embryonic lethality in mice.

AUTHOR .

Chen Z; Friedrich G A; Soriano P

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Program in Molecular Medicine, Fred Hutchinson Cancer

Research Center, Seattle, Washington 98104.

CONTRACT NUMBER:

HD24875 (NICHD)

SOURCE:

Genes & development, (1994 Oct 1) 8 (19) 2293-301.

Journal code: 8711660. ISSN: 0890-9369.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

FILE SEGMENT:

English

OTHER SOURCE:

Priority Journals GENBANK-S74227

ENTRY MONTH:

199412

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19950110

Last Updated on STN: 19960129 Entered Medline: 19941207

We have used a retroviral gene trap in embryonic stem AΒ (ES) cells to derive a recessive embryonic lethal mouse strain, ROSA beta-geo5. Mutant embryos display an enlarged pericardial cavity, bradycardia, a dilated fourth ventricle in the brain, and die between embryonic days 11 and 12. Whereas heart development in the mutant embryos is extensive, the ventricular wall is abnormally thin with a reduced number of trabeculae. Cloning of the trapped gene indicates that proviral insertion creates a null mutation in the transcriptional enhancer factor 1 (TEF-1) gene. Although transcription of a number of muscle-specific genes believed to be TEF-1 targets appears normal, the defect in cardiogenesis is likely attributable to diminished transcription of one or several

cardiac-specific genes.

L14 ANSWER 8 OF 9

MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 7

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

92275355 MEDLINE

TITLE:

PubMed ID: 1592261 A gene trap approach in mouse embryonic

stem cells: the lacZ reported is activated by splicing, reflects endogenous gene expression, and is mutagenic in

mice.

AUTHOR:

Skarnes W C; Auerbach B A; Joyner A L

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Molecular and Medical Genetics, University of

Toronto, Canada.

CONTRACT NUMBER:

HD25334 (NICHD)

SOURCE:

Genes & development, (1992 Jun) 6 (6) 903-18.

Journal code: 8711660. ISSN: 0890-9369.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE:

GENBANK-M79310; GENBANK-M81118; GENBANK-M82887; GENBANK-S37046; GENBANK-S37047; GENBANK-S37048; GENBANK-S49473; GENBANK-S49475; GENBANK-X65112;

GENBANK-X65113

ENTRY MONTH:

199207

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19920710

Last Updated on STN: 19920710 Entered Medline: 19920702

AΒ We have confirmed that the gene trap vector pGT4.5

creates spliced fusion transcripts with endogenous genes and prevents the synthesis of normal transcripts at the site of integration. cDNA was prepared to the lacZ fusion transcript in three ES cell lines to recover endogenous exon sequences upstream of lacZ. Each of the clones detected a unique-sized endogenous transcript, as well as the fusion transcript in the ES cell line from which the clone was derived. Sequence analysis of these clones and larger clones isolated from a random-primed cDNA library showed that the splice acceptor was used properly. For two insertions, the expression patterns of the lacZ reporter and the associated endogenous gene were compared in situ at three embryonic stages and were found to be similar. Three gene trap insertions were transmitted

into the germ line, and abnormalities were observed with two of the three insertions in the homozygous state. RNA obtained from mice homozygous for the two mutant gene trap insertions was analyzed for

normal endogenous transcripts and negligible amounts were detected, indicating that little splicing around the gene trap

insertion occurred. This work demonstrates the capacity of the gene trap vector to generate lacZ fusion transcripts, to

accurately report endogenous gene expression, and to mutate the endogenous gene at the site of integration.

L14 ANSWER 9 OF 9

MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 8

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

92387040 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 1516474

TITLE:

The gene trap approach in embryonic

stem cells: the potential for genetic screens in mice.

AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Joyner A L; Auerbach A; Skarnes W C Division of Molecular and Developmental Biology, Samuel

Lunenfeld Research Institute, Mount Sinai Hospital,

Toronto, Canada.

SOURCE:

Ciba Foundation symposium, (1992) 165 277-88; discussion

288-97. Ref: 23

Journal code: 0356636. ISSN: 0300-5208.

PUB. COUNTRY:

Netherlands

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) General Review; (REVIEW)

(REVIEW, TUTORIAL)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

199210

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19921023

Last Updated on STN: 19921023 Entered Medline: 19921006

AB The gene trap approach in embryonic stem cells was developed as a means to screen for genes expressed during early postimplantation development in the mouse. We have validated the approach by showing that lacZ from the integrated vector is activated by splicing to endogenous exons and expressed in embryos in patterns that mimic those of the endogenous genes. These insertions can produce developmental defects in homozygous mice. The results indicate that a large screen of gene trap cell lines on the basis of embryonic lacZ expression is feasible and should provide a new source of genes, mouse mutants and mouse strains that express lacZ in particular domains and lineages. The gene trap approach could be extended to a smaller screen for genes based on mutant phenotypes.

L Number	Hits	Search Text	DB	Time stamp	7
1	3	6436707.pn.	USPAT;	2004/08/27	_
			US-PGPUB;	12:25	
			EPO; JPO;	12:23	
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		"splice acceptor")) and "random	US-PGPUB;	12:30	
		mutagenesis"	EPO; JPO;		
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8	20	(435/7.1 435/7.2 435/354 800/18 435/325 4	BBBBA91435/2		435/455
		and (("splice acceptor" WITH donor) and	US-PGPUB;	12:31	
		(library WITH cell))) and (((gene with trap\$) and ("splice donor" or "splice	EPO; JPO;		
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_	6	(library WITH "eukaryotic cells") SAME	DERWENT	2004/02/25	
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_	0	5679523.pn. SAME "random mutation"	DERWENT	0004/00/05	
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-	2	5679523.pn.	USPAT;	2004/02/25	
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-	4	6207371.pn. or 6136566.pn. or 6139833.pn	USPAT;	2004/02/25
			US-PGPUB;	10:10
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_	6	6207371.pn. or 6136566.pn. or 6139833.pn.	DERWENT	0004/05/5
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_	0	"nonspecific integration".	USPAT;	2004/02/25
	ľ		US-PGPUB;	10:35
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		library SAME (nonspecific WITH (mutagenisis or mutation))	USPAT;	2004/02/25
	1	(Macagenisis of Macaelon))	US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO;	10:36
			DERWENT	
-	51	nonspecific WITH (mutagenisis or	USPAT;	2004/02/25
		mutation)	US-PGPUB;	11:09
			EPO; JPO;	
	170	Herene tu anni du ull	DERWENT	
-	172	"gene trapping"	USPAT;	2004/02/25
			US-PGPUB;	11:10
			EPO; JPO; DERWENT	
_	0	"gene trapping" SAME 5679523.pn.	USPAT;	2004/02/25
			US-PGPUB;	11:10
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	1 42		DERWENT	
-	43	"gene trapping" SAME library	USPAT;	2004/02/25
			US-PGPUB;	11:29
	1		EPO; JPO; DERWENT	
_	32	"gene trapping" and nonspecific	USPAT;	2004/02/25
			US-PGPUB;	11:30
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-	21	("gene trapping" and nonspecific) and	USPAT;	2004/02/25
		integration	US-PGPUB;	14:53
			EPO; JPO; DERWENT	
-	4118	"random mutagenesis"	USPAT;	2004/02/25
1		_	US-PGPUB;	14:53
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		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	DERWENT	
_	0	"random mutagenesis" With "gene trap"	USPAT;	2004/02/25
			US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO;	14:53
ľ			DERWENT	
-	0	"random mutagenesis" SAME "gene trap"	USPAT;	2004/02/25
		-	US-PGPUB;	14:53
			EPO; JPO;	
		Harris de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la companya de	DERWENT	
_	0	"random mutagenesis" SAME "gene trapping"	USPAT;	2004/02/25
			US-PGPUB;	14:54
			EPO; JPO; DERWENT	
-	0	"random mutagenesis" SAME "splice donor"	USPAT;	2004/02/25
		y while donot	US-PGPUB;	14:54
İ			EPO; JPO;	
	7 4 4 7		DERWENT	
-	1441	gene with trap\$	USPAT;	2004/02/25
			US-PGPUB;	14:54
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	

-	6367264	\ _ \ Z3\	USPAT;	2004/02/25
		mutagenesis" With "gene trap")	US-PGPUB;	14:55
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	0	"random mutagenesis" with ("random	USPAT;	2004/02/25
		mutagenesis" With "gene trap")	US-PGPUB;	14:55
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	0	"random mutagenesis" same ("random	USPAT;	2004/02/25
		mutagenesis" With "gene trap")	US-PGPUB;	14:55
		madagenesis with gene stap	EPO; JPO;	14.55
			DERWENT	
_	0	"random mutagenesis" and ("random	USPAT;	2004/02/25
		mutagenesis" With "gene trap")		2004/02/25
		madagenesis with gene clap	US-PGPUB;	14:55
İ			EPO; JPO;	
_	420	(gene with trap\$) and ("splice donor" or	DERWENT	0004/00/05
	120	"splice acceptor")	USPAT;	2004/02/25
		spiice acceptor")	US-PGPUB;	14:56
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	2	5679523.pn.	USPAT;	2004/02/25
			US-PGPUB;	15:01
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	2	5679523.pn.	USPAT;	2004/08/24
			US-PGPUB;	12:54
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	27927	sands.in. or friedrich.in. or	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		zambrowicz.in.	US-PGPUB;	12:56
		Zambiowicz.iii.	EPO; JPO;	12:36
			DERWENT]
_	6993	mutagenesis and "embryonic stem"		2004/00/04
	0993	mucagenesis and embryonic stem	USPAT;	2004/08/24
			US-PGPUB;	12:56
			EPO; JPO;	
	1		DERWENT	
_	44	(sands.in. or friedrich.in. or	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		zambrowicz.in.) and (mutagenesis and	US-PGPUB;	13:30
		"embryonic stem")	EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	282	lexicon.as.	USPAT;	2004/08/24
			US-PGPUB;	13:06
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	28	lexicon.as. and stem NEAR2 cell	USPAT;	2004/08/24
			US-PGPUB;	13:08
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	1423	"splice acceptor" WITH donor	USPAT;	2004/08/24
			US-PGPUB;	13:08
			EPO; JPO;	-5.00
			DERWENT	
_	1217	"splice acceptor" SAME "splice donor"		2004/09/24
	141/	shire accepent pwip shire doubt.	USPAT;	2004/08/24
	ļ		US-PGPUB;	13:08
			EPO; JPO;	
	10000	libonous tituit and 3	DERWENT	
-	18686	library WITH cell	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		•	US-PGPUB;	13:09
			EPO; JPO;	İ
		n.c.	DERWENT	
~	2854	"first vector" SAME "second vector"	USPAT;	2004/08/24
l			US-PGPUB;	13:11
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
	328	"first construct" SAME "second construct"	USPAT;	2004/08/24
			US-PGPUB;	13:11
İ			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
_	6769	polyA or (poly NEAR4 adenyl\$)	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		F1 (Forl worms, additate)	US-PGPUB;	13:31
			EPO; JPO;	13.31
			DERWENT	

	110140	GITAO	T == == = = = = == = = = = = = = = = =	
-	119140	SV40 or promoter	USPAT;	2004/08/24
			US-PGPUB;	13:51
			EPO; JPO;	
_	3	6436707.pn.	DERWENT	200 - 10 - 10 -
		0436707.pm.	USPAT;	2004/08/24
1			US-PGPUB;	14:31
			EPO; JPO;	
_	857	game NEAD2 +mandC	DERWENT	
_	05/	gene NEAR2 trap\$6	USPAT;	2004/08/24
			US-PGPUB;	15:18
	1		EPO; JPO;	
_	97	(man = NHPPO + man AC) and d	DERWENT	
~	97	(gene NEAR2 trap\$6) and (sands.in. or	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		friedrich.in. or zambrowicz.in.)	US-PGPUB;	15:18
			EPO; JPO;	
	32	//	DERWENT	1
-	32	((gene NEAR2 trap\$6) and (sands.in. or	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		friedrich.in. or zambrowicz.in.)) and	US-PGPUB;	15:18
		(library WITH cell)	EPO; JPO;	
		1/// 27 277770 / 465	DERWENT	i
-	3	(((gene NEAR2 trap\$6) and (sands.in. or	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		friedrich.in. or zambrowicz.in.)) and	US-PGPUB;	15:19
		(library WITH cell)) and ("first vector"	EPO; JPO;	
		SAME "second vector")	DERWENT	
-	66	lexicon.as. and (gene NEAR2 trap\$6)	USPAT;	2004/08/24
			US-PGPUB;	15:19
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	3	(lexicon.as. and (gene NEAR2 trap\$6)) and	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		("first vector" SAME "second vector")	US-PGPUB;	15:19
		,	EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	22	(("splice acceptor" WITH donor) and	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		(library WITH cell)) and ("first vector"	US-PGPUB;	15:25
		SAME "second vector")	EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
_	29	1 11 2 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		("splice acceptor" WITH donor)	US-PGPUB;	15:26
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	6		USPAT;	2004/08/24
		("splice acceptor" WITH donor)) and	US-PGPUB;	15:29
		(library WITH cell)	EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	9949	"embryonic stem cell"	USPAT;	2004/08/24
	[i		US-PGPUB;	15:29
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	182	"embryonic stem cell" SAME (gene NEAR2	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		trap\$6)	US-PGPUB;	15:30
]		EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	3		USPAT;	2004/08/24
		friedrich.in. or zambrowicz.in.)) and	US-PGPUB;	15:30
		("first vector" SAME "second vector")	EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	139	("embryonic stem cell" SAME (gene NEAR2	USPAT;	2004/08/24
		trap\$6)) and ("splice acceptor" WITH	US-PGPUB;	15:30
		donor)	EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
-	26	(("embryonic stem cell" SAME (gene NEAR2	USPAT;	2004/08/24
]		trap\$6)) and ("splice acceptor" WITH	US-PGPUB;	15:30
		donor)) and (polyA or (poly NEAR4	EPO; JPO;	
		adenyl\$))	DERWENT	[



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